## Genetics \& ProbabiliO

- Mendel's laws: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
- independent assortment
reflect same laws of probability that apply to tossing coins or rolling dice


AP Biology


## Probability \& genetics

- Calculating probability of making a specific gamete is just like calculating the probability in flipping a coin
- probability of tossing heads? 50\%
- probability making a $P$ gamete...



## Probability \& genetics

## - Outcome of 1 toss has no impact on the outcome of the next toss <br> - probability of tossing heads each time? 50\% <br> - probability making a P gamete each time? $50 \%$ <br> 

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## Calculating probability

|  |  |  | sperm | egg | offspring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\underset{1 / 2}{\text { P }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PP } \\ & 1 / 4 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{rr} P & p \\ 1 / 2 \times 1 / 2 \\ p & P \\ 1 / 2 \times 1 / 2 \end{array}=$ |  |  |
|  | PP | Pp |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1/4 |
|  | Pp | pp | p | $p$ | pp |
| P Biology |  |  |  |  |  |

## Rule of multiplication

- Chance that 2 or more independent events will occur together
- probability that 2 coins tossed at the same time will land heads up

$$
1 / 2 \times 1 / 2=1 / 4
$$

- probability of $\mathrm{Pp} \times \mathrm{Pp} \rightarrow \mathrm{pp}$

$$
1 / 2 \times 1 / 2=1 / 4
$$

## Calculating dihybrid probability

- Rule of multiplication also applies to dihybrid crosses
- heterozygous parents - YyRr
- probability of producing yyrr?
- probability of producing y gamete $=1 / 2$
- probability of producing r gamete $=1 / 2$
- probability of producing yr gamete = $1 / 2 \times 1 / 2=1 / 4$
- probability of producing a yyrr offspring = $1 / 4 \times 1 / 4=1 / 16$
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## Rule of addition

- Chance that an event can occur 2 or more different ways
- sum of the separate probabilities $\qquad$
- probability of $\mathrm{Pp} \times \mathrm{Pp} \rightarrow \mathrm{Pp}$

| sperm | egg | offspring |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | p | Pp |
| 1/2 x | $1 / 2=$ | 1/4 |
|  | P | Pp |
| 1/2 x | $1 / 2=$ | 1/4 |

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